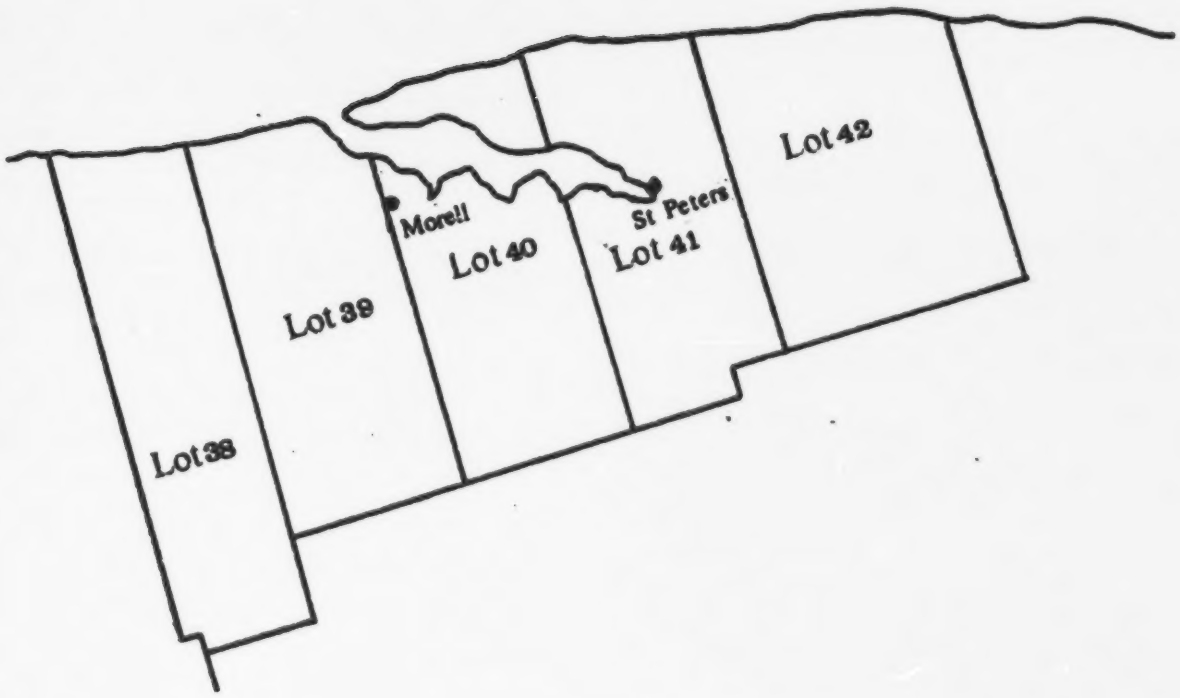
THE NORTH CENTRAL KINGS AREA

COMMUNITY PROFILE



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This report will conclude with a summary of the findings for each area.

POPULATION

Between 1976 and 1981, the population of the North Central Kings area declined slightly from 3,089 to 3,037. The land area was 397.51 square kilometers with a population density of 7.6 persons per square kilometer.

The populations of both the St. Peters and Morell areas declined between 1976 and 1981. The population of the St. Peters area declined from 1,368 in 1976 to 1,335 in 1984. Similarily, the Morell population decreased from 1,721 to 1,703. St. Peters had a land area of 195.50 square kilometers, while the Morell area was slightly larger at 202.02 square kilometers. The population density of the St. Peters and Morell areas are 6.8 and 8.4 persons per square kilometer respectively.

Thus the population density of the Morell area is higher than the North Central Kings area and the St. Peters area.

AGE DISTRIBUTION

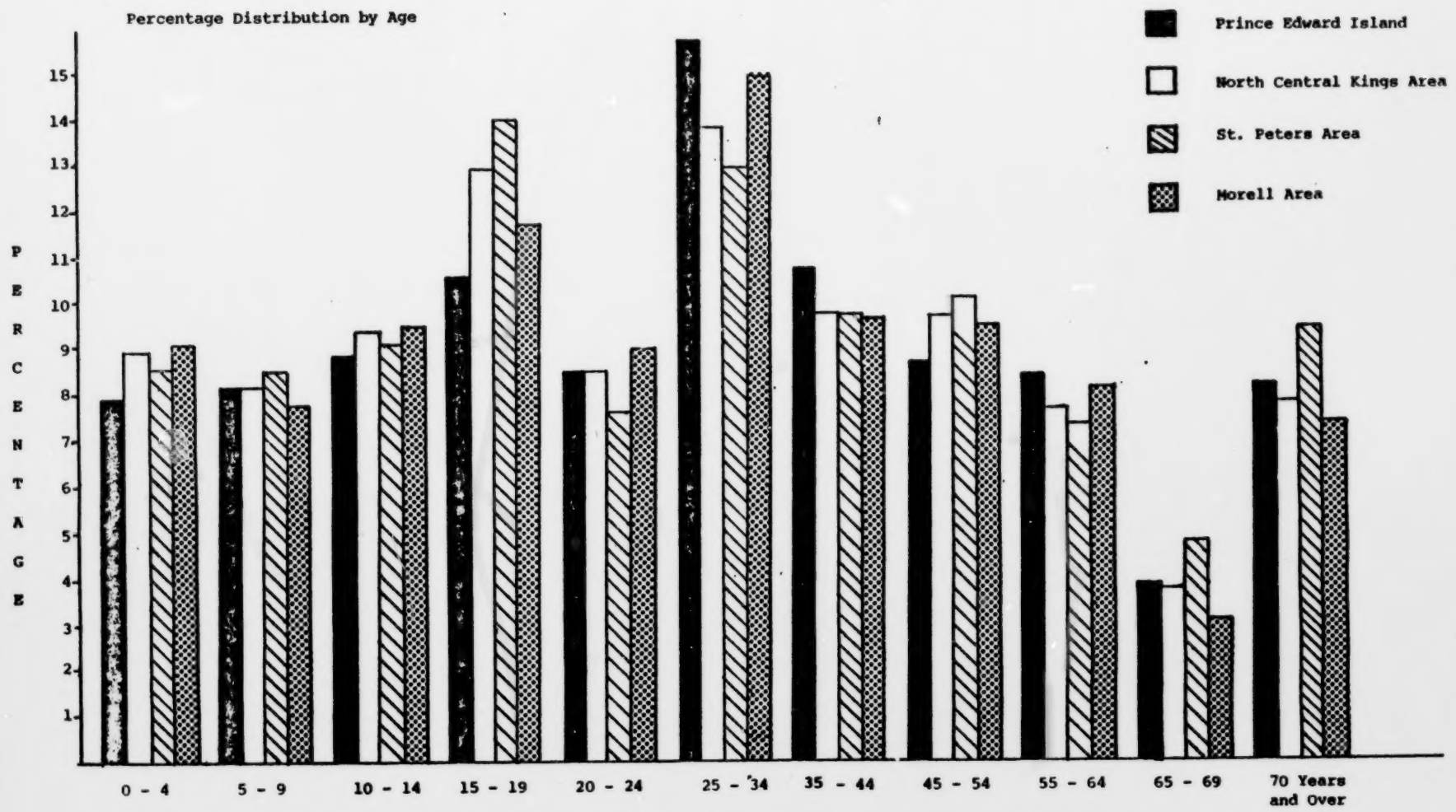
Approximately 39 percent of the population of North Central Kings was between 0 and 19 years of age, while Prince Edward Island had 35 percent of the population in this age group. In comparison the St. Peters area (41%) and the Morell area (38%) exceeded Prince Edward Island in the percentage of the population 0-19 years old. Figure 1 presents the population by age distribution for Prince Edward Island and the three

INTRODUCTION

Although Prince Edward Island is Canada's smallest Province it contains a large number of communities. The social and economic characteristics vary greatly from one community to another. This report will define and discuss the social and economic characteristics of the North Central Kings, the St. Peters and the Morell areas. The North Central Kings area contains lots 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42, as well as the villages of Morell and St. Peters. The North Central Kings area will be further divided into the St. Peters area (containing 50% of lot 40, all of lots 41 and 42 and St. Peters) and the Morell area (containing lots 38, 39 and 50% of 40 and Morell). The data used in this analysis are taken from the 1981 Census of Canada. The three areas and the Province will be compared whenever possible. The analysis will be discussed under the following subject areas:

- Population
- Age Distribution
- Mobility Status
- Home Language, Mother Tongue and Official Language
- Ethnic Origin
- Religion
- Place of Birth
- Period of Migration
- Population 15 years of age and over - School attendance, Level of Schooling
- Occupied Private Dwellings
- Labour Force Activity

Figure 1



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada. Population, Occupied Private Dwellings, Private Households, Census Families

areas (North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell).

Prince Edward Island had a higher percentage of its population in the 20-44 and 45 and over age groups than either the North Central Kings or Morell areas. However the St. Peters area exceeded P.E.I. in the percentage of the population over the age of 45.

St. Peters area also had a higher percentage of its population 65 and over (12.4%) than did the Morell area (11.2%), the North Central Kings area (11.7%) and Prince Edward Island (12.2%).

The highest percentage of population for the North Central Kings area (13.8%), Morell area (14.5%) and Prince Edward Island (15.6%) was in the 25-34 age group, while St. Peters area had the highest percentage of its population in the 15-19 year age group at 14.4 percent.

Overall, the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas had a higher percentage of their population in the 0-19 age group in comparison to Prince Edward Island. This indicates a younger population living in these areas in relation to the Province overall. As well, the St. Peters area tended to have a higher concentration of the population over the age of 45.

MOBILITY STATUS

Mobility status is based on the relationship between a person's usual place of residence on Census Day and his/her usual place of residence five years earlier. On the basis of the relationship people can be classified as either a non-mover or a mover.

Between 1976 and 1981, 495 people living in the North Central Kings area were living in a different dwelling than the one they lived in five years earlier. Of this 495 people, 195 were in the St. Peters area and

the remaining 300 were in the Morell area.

There were 265 people who migrated to the North Central Kings area between 1976 and 1981. Of this 265, 85 took up residence in St. Peters area and 180 took up residence in the Morell area. As well, 390 people migrated from the North Central Kings area (150 from St. Peters area, and 240 from Morell area). Approximately 24 percent of the outmigrants moved to a different Province. Of the 150 people who left St. Peters area, 23 percent moved to a different Province. Similarily, 25 percent of the people who left Morell area moved to a different Province.

Of the 265 people who migrated to the North Central Kings area, 41.5 percent came from another Province in Canada, compared to 32.4 percent in the St. Peters area and 45.8 percent in the Morell area.

HOME LANGUAGE, MOTHER TONGUE AND OFFICIAL LANGUAGE

Home language is defined as the specific language spoken at home by a respondent; mother tongue is the first language learned in childhood and still understood by an individual, while official language refers to the ability to conduct a conversation in either of the official languages of Canada.

English was the mother tongue of 3,005 people in the North Central Kings area, with 45 percent residing in the St. Peters area and the remaining 55 percent in the Morell area. English as a home language was reported by 3,025 people in the North Central Kings area. (1,365 in St. Peters area and 1,660 in Morell area). Ten people in North Central Kings area reported French as their monther tongue: of these ten, 75% were in the Morell area and 25% were in the St. Peter areas. Twenty-five

people from the North Central Kings area reported that their mother tongue was a language other than French or English; twenty of these people were from the Morell area.

There were 60 people (approximately 2%) living in the North Central Kings area who spoke both official languages. Comparatively, Prince Edward Island recorded approximately 8 percent of its population spoke both English and French while the St. Peters and Morell areas recorded 0.6 and 3.1 percent respectively.

ETHNIC ORIGIN

Ethnic origin refers to the ethnic or cultural group to which the respondent or the respondents ancestors belonged on first coming to this continent. Approximately 90 percent of the population reporting in the North Central Kings area are of British origin. In the St. Peters and Morell areas, 94 and 87 percent of the people are of British origin. In comparison, the figure for Prince Edward Island is 77 percent. French was the ethnic origin of 2.6 percent of the people in the North Central Kings area, 2 percent in the St. Peters area and 3.1 percent in the Morell area, compared to 12.2 percent for Prince Edward Island. In addition 2.6 percent of the people in the North Central Kings area reported an ethnic origin other than British or French. In comparison the St. Peters and Morell areas reported 1.8 and 3.3 percent respectively.

RELIGION

There were 2,210 Catholics (73%) and 800 Protestants (26%) living in the North Central Kings area. The St. Peters area recorded 900 Catholics (66%) and 445 Protestants (33%), while Morell area recorded 1,310 Catholics (78%) and 335 Protestants (21%).

Provincial figures showed 46 percent of the population were Roman Catholic and 50 percent were Protestant. Approximately 2.6 percent of the population on Prince Edward Island indicated they had not religious preference compared to 0.7 percent for the North Central Kings area, 1.1 percent for the St. Peters area and 0.3 percent for the Morell area.

PLACE OF BIRTH

Of the respondents in the North Central Kings area who indicated their place of birth, 97 percent were born in Canada and 90 percent said they were born on Prince Edward Island.

In the St. Peters area, 98 percent reported they were born in Canada while 91 percent were born on the Island. The Morell area reported 95 percent of its residents were born in Canada and 90 percent reported they were born in the Province.

Comparatively Provincial figures show 96 percent of its residents were born in Canada and 81 percent were born on the Island.

Thus, residents of the North Central Kings area were more likely to have been born on Prince Edward Island.

PERIOD OF IMMIGRATION

The largest influx of immigrants to the North Central Kings area occurred between 1965 and 1978, when 55 people immigrated to this area from outside Canada. Of the 55 people, 45 settled in the Morell area and the remaining 10 people settled in the St. Peters area. Between 1979 and 1981 there were 5 people who migrated to the St. Peters area.

Of those who immigrated to the North Central Kings area, the majority were between 5-19 years of age.

POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER-SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, LEVEL OF SCHOOLING

Of the population 15 years of age and over in the North Central Kings area, 14.4 percent were attending school full-time. In comparison, the St. Peters area had 12.6 percent, the Morell area had 15.9 percent and Prince Edward Island had 12.8 percent of the population 15 years of age and over attending school full-time Data are also available on the educational levels of the residents 15 years of age and over.

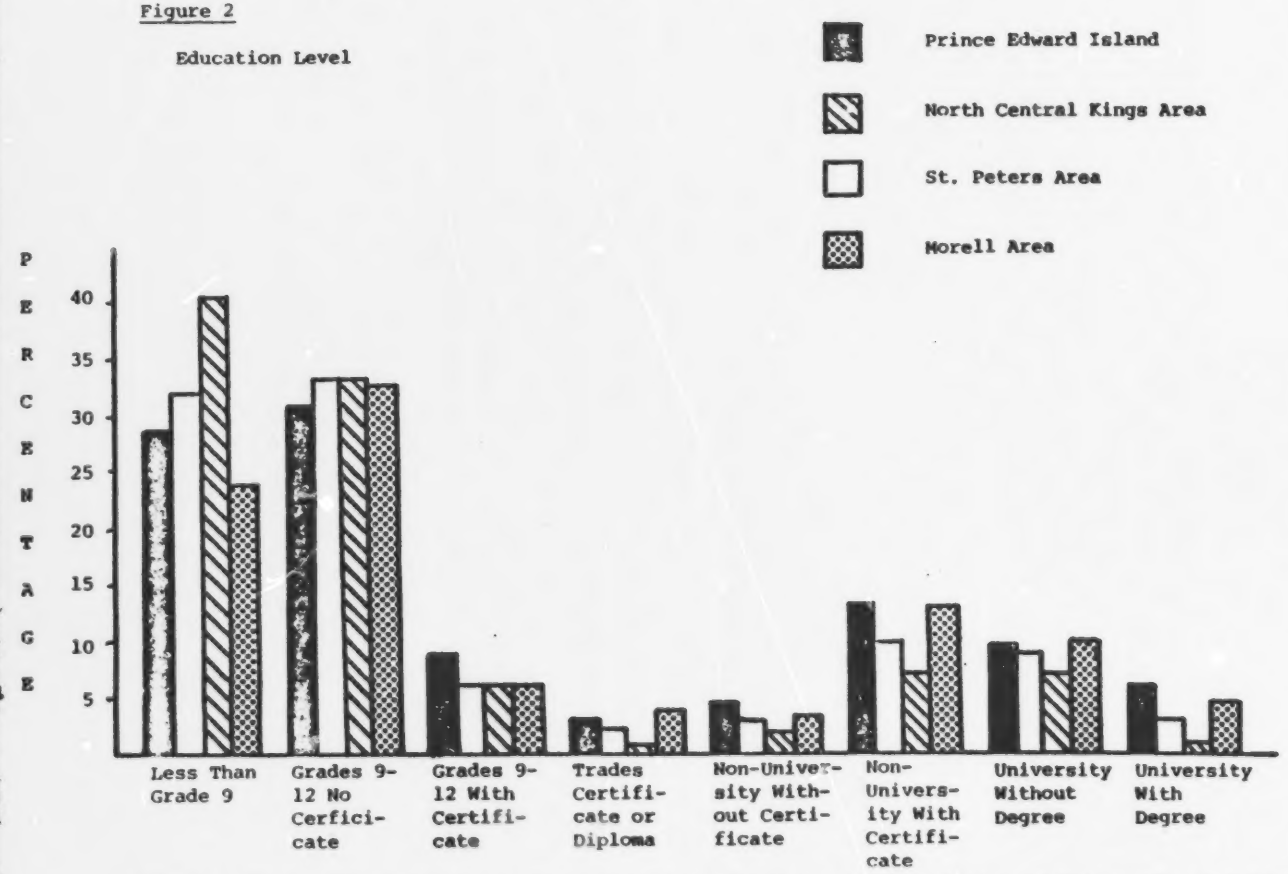
Figure 2 (page 9) illustrates the percentage breakdown of the population of the three areas (North Central Kings, St. Peters, Morell) and Prince Edward Island by educational levels.

As Figure 2 demonstrates, 32 percent of the residents in the North Central Kings area had less than a Grade 9 education; eight percentage points above the 24 percent recorded for the Province. The St. Peters and Morell areas recorded 41 and 25 percent (respectively) of their residents with less than a Grade 9 education. All three areas (North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell) recorded a higher percent of residents having less than a Grade 9 education in comparison to the Province.

A secondary certificate for Grades 9-12 was held by 5.7 percent of the population in the North Central Kings area, 2.6 percentage points below the 8.3 percent recorded for the Province. Similarly, the St. Peters and Morell areas recorded 5.6 and 5.8 percent, which is also below Provincial figures. A trades certificate or diploma was held by 2.6 percent of the population in the North Central Kings area, which is equivalent to the percentage recorded for the Province. The St. Peters area recorded 0.7 percent of their population holding a trade certificate or diploma, which is considerably less than the percentage recorded for the

Figure 2

Education Level



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1

Province. The Morell area recorded 4.2 percent, 1.6 percentage points higher than the Provincial percentage. Non-University certificates and University degrees were held by 10.4 and 3.3 percent respectively in the North Central Kings area compared to 13.7 and 6.1 percent for the Province.

Of the population in the St. Peters area, a non-university certificate and university degree was held by 7.0 and 1.2 percent respectively. Similarily the Morell area recorded non-University certificates and university degrees being held by 13.0 and 5.0 percent of their population.

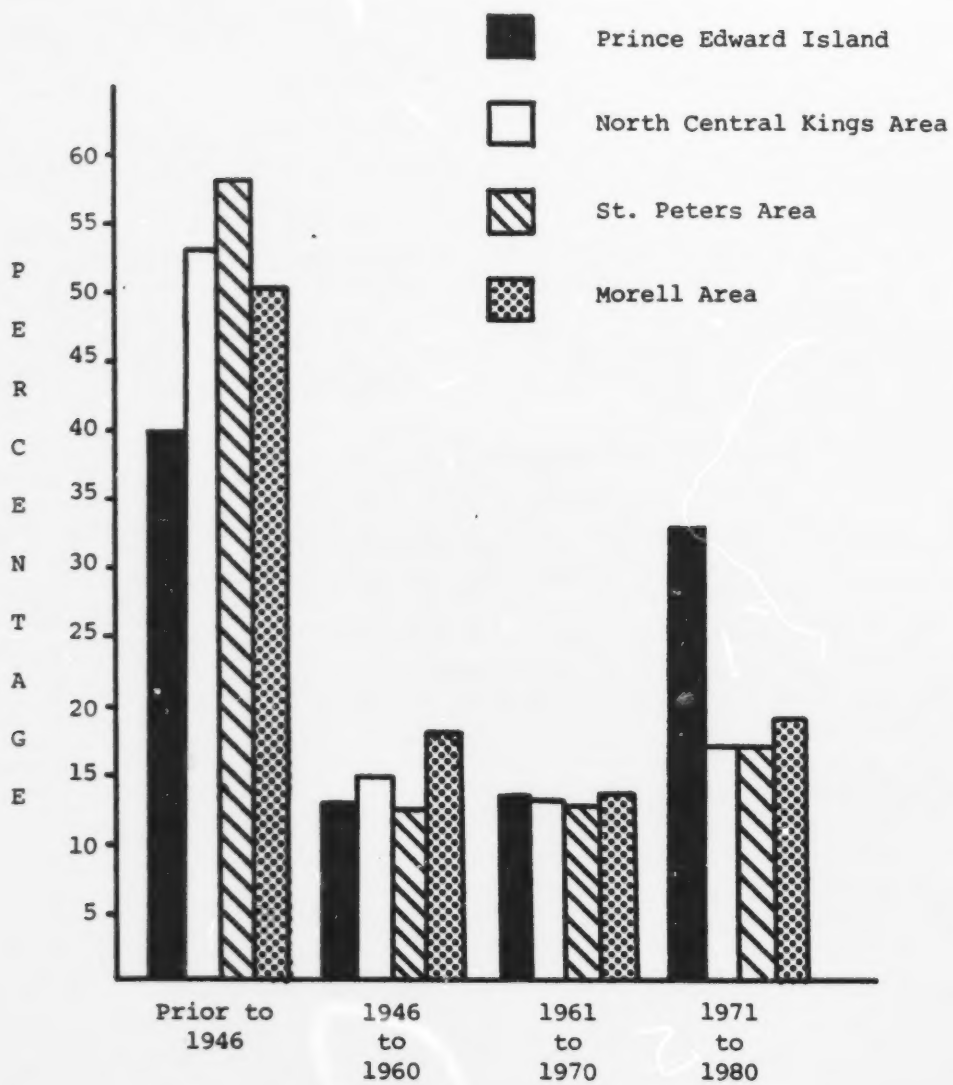
The North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas all had a small percentage of their population holding a non-university certificate and university degree than the Province.

OCCUPIED PRIVATE DWELLINGS

There were 855 occupied private dwellings in the North Central Kinga area in 1981. 46 percent were located in the St. Peters area and the remaining 54 percent were located in the Morell area. The average value per private dwelling in the North Central Kings area in 1981 was $32,335.00 compared to $40,230.00 for the Province. For the St. Peters area and the Morell area the average value of a dwelling was $32,561.00 and $36,131.00 respectively. Figure 3 presents the percentage of houses built in each area (North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell) and in Prince Edward Island by date of construction.

Figure 3

Date of House Construction



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1

Figure 3 illustrates a larger percentage of the houses in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas were built prior to 1946 than on Prince Edward Island overall. Between 1971 and 1981 the percentage of houses built on Prince Edward Island overall (33%) exceeded the percentages recorded in the North Central Kings (17%), St. Peters (17%) and Morell areas (19%). From 1946-1981 the percentage of houses built on Prince Edward Island overall is much higher than the percentage built in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas.

The average number of rooms per dwelling in 1981 in the North Central Kings area (6.3), St. Peters area (6.4) and Morell area (6.4) were similiar to the Provincial figure of 6.2.

LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY

The Labour force activity refers to the labour market activity of the population 15 years of age and over, excluding inmates, who, in the week prior to enumeration (June 3, 1981) were employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.

LABOUR FORCE

The Labour force refers to the population 15 years of age and over, excluding inmates, who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to enumeration (June 3, 1981).

There were 1,195 males, 15 years of age and over living in the North Central Kings area in 1981. Forty-three percent of these males were living in the St. Peters area and the remaining 57 percent were residing in the Morell area. Of the 1,065 females 15 years of

age and over in the North Central Kings area, 47 percent were in the St. Peters area and 53 percent in the Morell area.

The labour force in the North Central Kings area consisted of 835 males and 530 females. Of the 835 males in the labour force, 42 percent were in the St. Peters area and 58 percent in the Morell area. Both the Morell and St. Peters areas accounted for 50 percent of the 530 females in the labour force in 1981.

Table 1 presents the labour force activity for P.E.I., the North Central Kings and St. Peters areas.

TABLE 1

LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, NORTH CENTRAL KINGS AREA, ST. PETERS AREA, MORELL AREA, 1981

LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY	PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND	NORTH CENTRAL KINGS AREA	ST. PETERS AREA	MORELL AREA
Males				
Population 15 Years & Over	44,745	1,195	518	678
In the Labour Force	33,430	835	353	483
Employed	30,000	745	318	428
Unemployed	3,435	80	35	45
Participation Rate (%)	74.7	69.9	68.1	71.2
Unemployment Rate (%)	10.3	9.6	9.9	9.3
Females				
Population 15 Years & Over	46,080	1,065	500	565
In the Labour Force	22,775	530	263	268
Employed	19,600	480	233	248
Unemployed	3,175	60	30	30
Participation Rate (%)	49.4	49.8	52.6	47.4
Unemployment Rate (%)	13.9	11.3	11.4	11.2

NOTE 1: The North Central Kings area is defined as lots 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42 and the Village of Morell and St. Peters. St. Peters area contains 50% of Lot 40, all of lots 41 and 42 and St. Peters while Morell area contains lots 38, 39, 50% of lot 40 and Morell.

NOTE 2: Figures recorded for the St. Peters area and the Morell area may not equal figures recorded for the North Central Kings area due to rounding.

SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1.

EMPLOYMENT

There were 745 males and 480 females employed in the North Central Kings area in 1981; that is 89.2 percent of the male labour force and 90.6 percent of the female labour force were employed.

In the St. Peter's area, 90.1 percent of the male labour force or 88.6 percent of the female labour force were employed. Similarly, the Morell area recorded 88.6 percent of the male labour force and 92.5 percent of the female labour force were employed.

Figures for Prince Edward Island showed 89.7 percent of the male labour force and 86.1 percent of the female labour force were employed in 1981.

The St. Peters area reported a higher percentage of their male labour force employed compared to the Provincial figure, while North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas had a higher percentage of their female labour force employed compared with the Province.

UNEMPLOYMENT

The number of unemployed males and females in the North Central Kings area were 80 and 60 according to the 1981 Census. Of the 80 males unemployed, 35 were in the St. Peters area and 45 were in the Morell area. The 60 females who were unemployed, 50% lived in the Morell area and 50% in the St. Peters area.

Canada Employment and Immigration Commission Claimant statistics of December 10, 1984 reported 857 people with open claims in the North Central Kings area, with 355 residing in the St. Peters area and 502 in the Morell area. Claimant statistics data are based on the postal codes.

Table 2 presents the postal codes used in each of the three areas.

TABLE 2

LIST OF POSTAL CODES USED FOR THE NORTH CENTRAL KINGS, ST. PETERS AND MORELL AREAS TO OBTAIN UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE CLAIMANT DATA

AREA	POSTAL CODES USED
North Central Kings area	C0A 2A0, C0A 1S0, 50% of C0A 1T0
St. Peters area	C0A 2A0
Morell area	C0A 1S0 50% of C0A 1T0

NOTE: The number of claimants reported in the North Central Kings area and Morell area were rounded when calculating 50% of COA 1TO. It was also assumed the number of claimants in this postal code (COA 1TO) were evenly distributed. Due to these calculations and assumptions the number of claimants for the North Central Kings area and the Morell area could have been slightly over or under estimated.

SOURCE: Postal Code Map of Prince Edward Island

Table 3 presents a breakdown by occupation for the unemployment insurance claimants in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas.

TABLE 3

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE CLAIMANTS
Dec. 10, 1984 BY OCCUPATIONS

	OCCUPATION	NORTH CENTRAL KINGS AREA		ST. PETERS AREA		MORELL AREA	
		#	%	#	%	#	%
11	Managerial, Administrative & Related	6	0.7	0	0.0	6	1.2
21	Sciences, Engineering	8	0.9	3	0.8	5	1.0
23	Social Sciences & Related	4	0.5	2	0.6	2	0.4
27	Teaching & Related	16	1.9	3	0.8	13	2.6
31	Medicine & Health	13	1.5	4	1.1	9	1.8
33	Artistic, Literary	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.2
41	Clerical & Related	74	8.6	26	7.3	48	9.6
51	Sales Occupations	16	1.9	6	1.7	10	2.0
61	Service Occupations	60	7.0	24	6.8	36	7.2
71	Farming, Horticultural	45	5.3	18	5.1	27	5.4
73	Fishing, Hunting & Trapping	117	13.7	68	19.2	49	9.8
75	Forestry, Logging	8	0.9	4	1.1	4	0.8
77	Mining, Quarrying	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.2
81/82	Processing	139	16.2	65	18.3	74	14.7
83	Machining	11	1.3	3	0.8	8	1.6
85	Fabricating	18	2.1	1	0.3	17	3.4
87	Construction	123	14.4	36	10.1	87	17.3
91	Transportation Equipment	32	3.7	13	3.7	19	3.8
93	Materials, Handling & Related	6	0.7	0	0.0	6	1.2

	OCCUPATION	NORTH CENTRAL KINGS AREA		ST. PETERS AREA		MORELL AREA	
		#	%	#	%	#	%
95	Other Crafts Equipment	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.2
99	Occupations Not Elsewhere Classified	156	19.2	78	22.0	78	15.5
	Not Stated or Invalid	2	0.2	1	0.3	1	0.2
	TOTAL	857	100.0	355	100.0	502	100.1

SOURCE: Canada Employment and Immigration Administrative Data

In the North Central Kings area, the occupations not elsewhere classified (possibly general labourer) accounted for 18.2 percent of the open claims. Processing (16.2%), construction (14.4%) and fishing, hunting and trapping (13.7%) occupations also accounted for a large percentage of open claims.

The St. Peters area had a large percentage of their open claims in the occupations not elsewhere stated (22.0%) (possibly general labourer). In addition, fishing, hunting and trapping and processing occupations accounted for 19.2 and 18.3% of the open claims respectively.

The Morell area recorded a large percentage of their open claims in the construction occupations (17.3). Occupations not elsewhere classified (15.5%) and processing (14.7%) accounted for a large percentage of the open claims.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

The unemployment rate refers to the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force.

The unemployment rate for males in the North Central Kings area was 9.6 percent according to the 1981 Census while the unemployment rate for females in this area was slightly higher at 11.3 percent.

The St. Peters area recorded male and female unemployment rates of 9.9 and 11.4 percent respectively while Morell area recorded male and female unemployment rates of 9.3 and 11.2 percent respectively.

For Prince Edward Island, the male unemployment rate in 1981 was 10.3 percent, while the female unemployment rate was 13.9 percent.

Clearly, the male and female unemployment rates recorded by all three areas: North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell were considerably below the rates recorded for the Province. Also there was very little variation in the rates among the three areas.

PARTICIPATION RATE

The participation rate represents the labour force as a percentage of the population 15 years of age and over.

The participation rates for males in the three areas were: North Central Kings (69.9%), St. Peters (68.1%) and Morell (71.2%). Provincial figures show 74.7 percent of the adult male population were in the labour force. The P.E.I. male participation rate exceeds the male participation rates in all three areas.

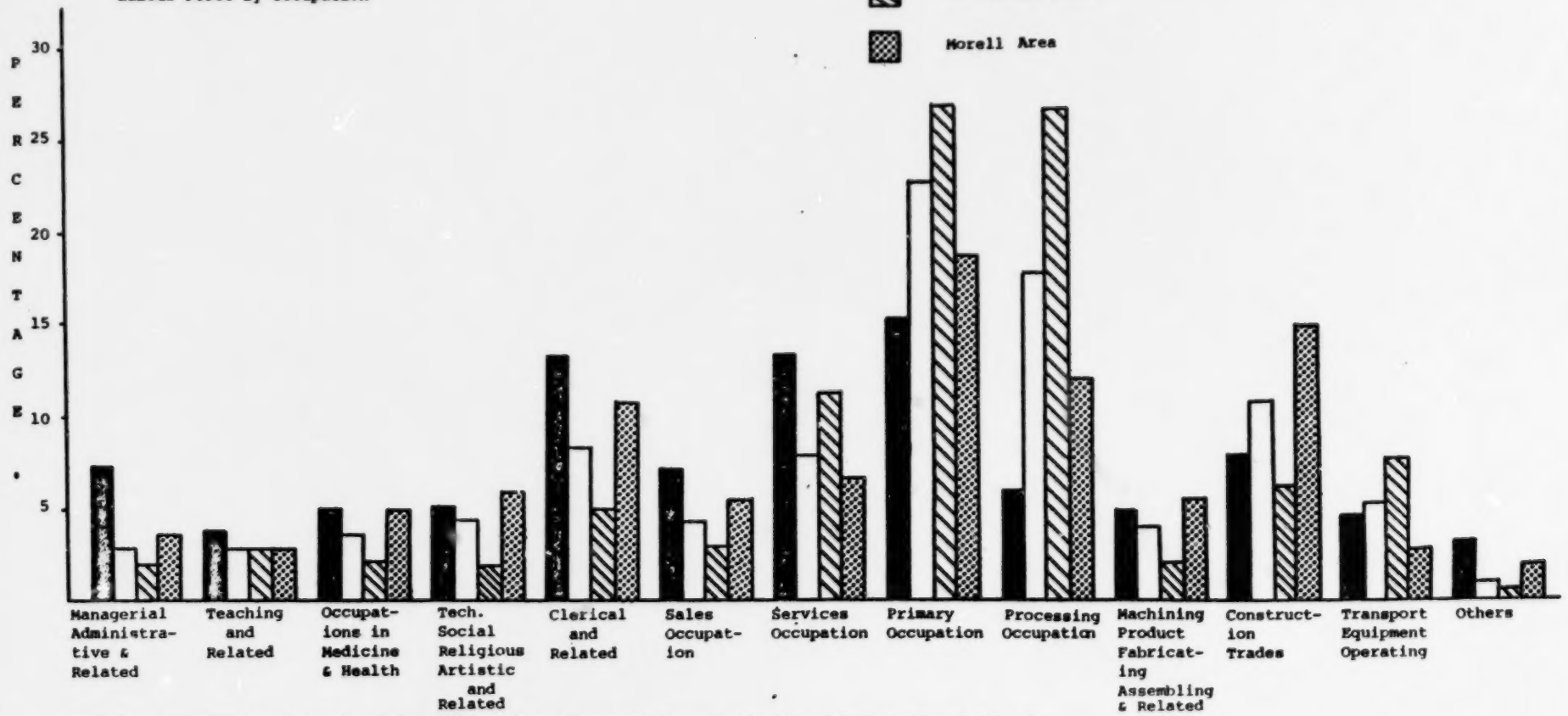
The female participation rates were: North Central Kings area (49.8%), St. Peters area (52.6%), Morell area (47.4%) and P.E.I. overall (49.4%). Clearly, there is a higher percentage of the adult female population in the labour force in the North Central Kings area and the St. Peters area than for the Province. This could be because many women in the area work in the primary/processing occupations.

OCCUPATIONS

Figure 4 presents the labour force by occupation for the North Central Kings area, the St. Peters area, the Morell area and Prince Edward Island using data collected in the 1981 Census of Canada.

Figure 4

Labour Force by Occupation



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1

The primary and processing occupations in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell Areas accounted for the largest portions of the labour force. The percentage in primary and processing occupations in these three areas were significantly higher than the percentages recorded for the Province.

In the North Central Kings area, construction trades (11.2%), clerical and related (8.6%) and service occupations (8.6%) also accounted for a large part of the labour force.

Service occupations (10.6%) and transport equipment operating occupations (8%) accounted for a large percentage of the labour force in the St. Peters area, while clerical and related (11.3%) and construction trades (15%) also accounted for a large percentage of the labour force in the Morell area.

The leading occupation for males in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas was the primary occupations accounting for 31.5, 38.8 and 26.2 percent respectively of the male labour force. For Prince Edward Island the leading male occupation was also the primary occupations (22.5%).

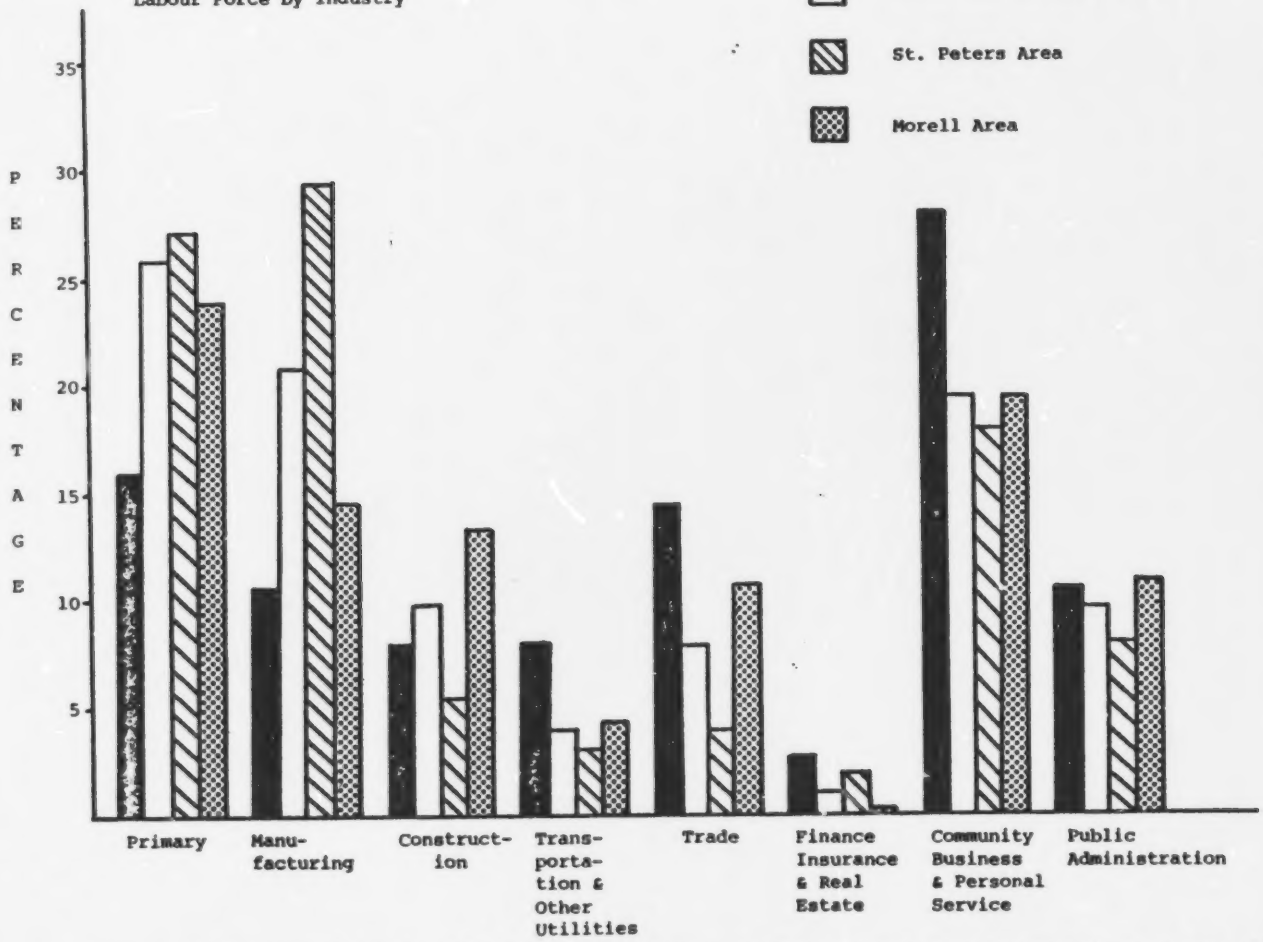
For females, the leading occupation in the North Central Kings and St. Peters areas was the processing occupations, while clerical and related occupations was the leading occupation for the Morell area. In Prince Edward Island overall, the leading female occupation was clerical and related occupations.

INDUSTRY

Figure 5 illustrates the breakdown of the labour force by industry for the three areas as well as for Prince Edward Island.

Figure 5

Labour Force by Industry



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1

The leading industries in the North Central Kings area were primary industries (25.9%) and manufacturing industries (21.4%). In the St. Peters area, manufacturing industries (29.7%) and primary industries (27.6%) were the leading industries, compared to the Morell area where primary industries (24.7%) and community business and personal service (19.8%) were the major industries.

In comparison the 1981 Census data showed the leading industries for Prince Edward Island were community business and personal service (28.6%) and primary industries (16.4%)

From the above figures it is quite clear that the three areas (North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell) have a large percentage of their labour force involved in the primary (such as farming, fishing and forestry) and manufacturing industries. On the other hand, Prince Edward Island's major industries are community business and personal service and the primary industries.

CLASS OF WORKER:

Class of worker refers to the classification of employment of persons 15 years of age and over, excluding inmates, according to whether a person mainly worked for someone else for wages, salaries, commission or payment in kind, or worked without pay for a relative who is a member of the same household in a "family farm or business", or mainly worked for himself or herself with or without paid help in the job reported.

In the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas approximately 81.1, 77.8 and 83.5 percent (respectively) of the males were paid workers. The percentage of females who were paid workers was slightly higher. North Central Kings area (92.2%), St. Peters area (95.9%) and Morell area (89.0%) were paid workers. The provincial

figures for paid workers were 82.5 percent for males and 94.8 percent for females. A higher percentage of males in North Central Kings area and St. Peters area were self-employed compared to the Province. Also, a higher percentage of the female workers in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas were self-employed compared to Provincial figures.

1980 INCOME

TOTAL INCOME:

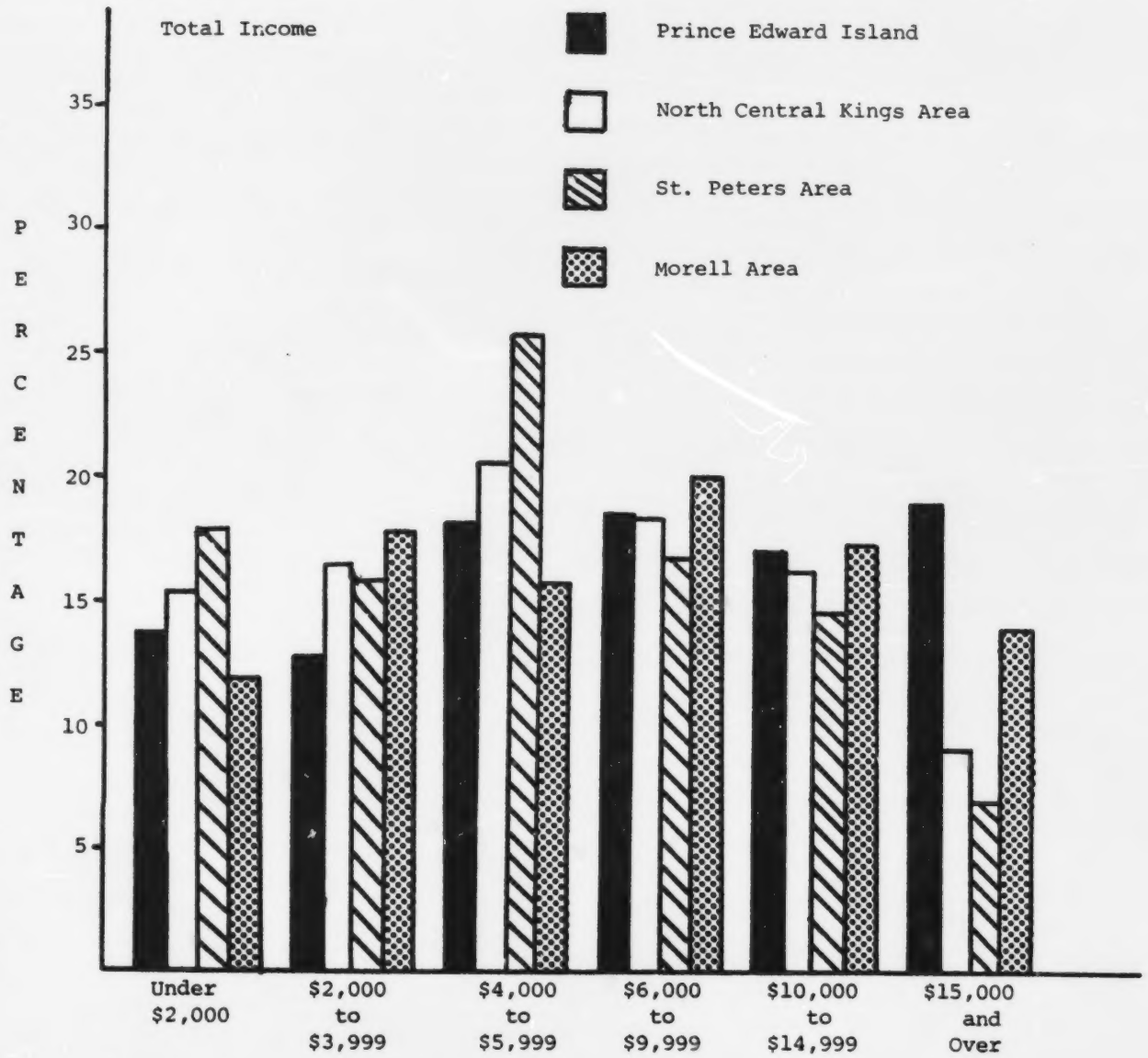
All persons 15 years of age and over were asked to report their total 1980 income. Total income is the sum of income received during 1980 from the following sources:

- wages and salaries
- net income from non-farm self-employment
- net income from farm self-employment
- old age pensions
- family allowances
- unemployment insurance benefits
- other government payments
- investment income
- and retirement pensions and other money income

In 1980 there were 1,105 males in the North Central Kings area who received an income: of these 56.6 percent were living in the Morell area and the remaining 43.4 percent were from the St. Peters area. There was also 860 females residing in the North Central Kings area who received an income in 1980, with 51.7 percent living in the Morell area and 48.3 percent in the St. Peters area.

Figure 6 presents the percentage share of the population of the three areas (North Central Kings, Morell and St. Peters) and Prince Edward Island who received income in 1980 by income groups.

Figure 6



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1

From Figure 6, one can see a large percentage of the population in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas earn less than $6,000 compared to Prince Edward Island overall.

Over 55 percent of the population in the three areas earned between $2,000 and $9,999 (North Central Kings area (56.6%), St. Peters area (58.9%) and the Morell area (54.6%)). Fifty percent of Prince Edward Island's population earned between $2,000 and $9,999.

When considering incomes by sex, the percentage of the male population earning less than $2,000 in each area was, North Central Kings area (12.2%), St. Peters area (14.8%) and Morell area (10.1%), compared to 9.4% for the province. Thus, there are a large number of males in the three areas (North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell) who earned less than $2,000 compared to the province.

For the female population the percentage earning less than $2,000 for each area was; North Central Kings (19.5%), St. Peters (23.1%) and Morell (16.2%). Provincial figures for the income group showed 19 percent of the female population earned less than $2,000. The Morell area had a smaller percentage of its female population earning less than $2,000 compared to the province.

For all three areas the largest percentage of the male population earned between $6,000 - $9,999, while provincial figures showed the largest percentage of the male population earned $10,000 - $14,999. The female population in the three areas indicated a larger percentage earned between $4,000 - $5,999. Provincial figures also indicate a large percentage of the female

population earned between $4,000 - $5,999.

Figures for the male and female population in the three areas indicate a larger percentage of the female population earned less than $2,000 compared to the percentage of the male population.

The average total income for males in each area and the Province were: North Central Kings ($9,053), St. Peters ($7,777) Morell ($10,087) and Prince Edward Island ($11,963). Similarly, average total income for females were North Central Kings ($5,269), St. Peters ($4,849), Morell ($5,642) and Prince Edward Island ($6,528). Averate total incomes for males and females in all three areas were below the averages recorded for the province overall.

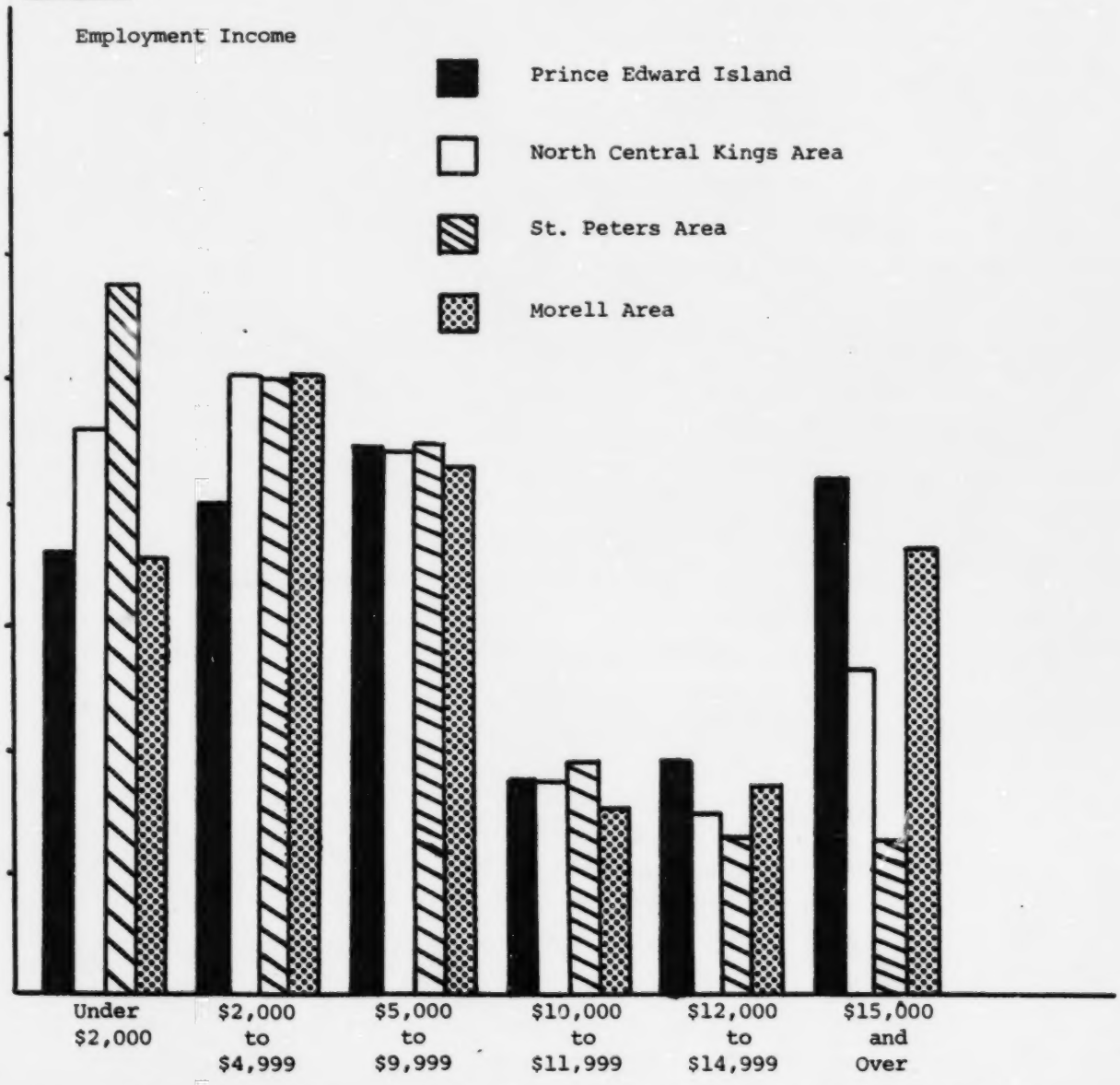
EMPLOYMENT INCOME

Employment income refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over during 1980 as wages and salaries, net income from non-farm self-employment and/or net farm income.

In 1980, there were 890 males in North Central Kings area earning income from employment, with 57.3 percent from Morell area and 42.7 percent from St. Peters area. Similarly, 570 females in North Central Kings reported income from employment in 1980. Of these 570 females, 51.3 percent were from the Morell area and 48.7 percent from the St. Peters area.

Figure 7 presents the percentage share of the labour force earning various employment incomes for North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas and Prince Edward Island.

Figure 7



SOURCE: 1981 Census of Canada, Selected Social and Economic Characteristics of Prince Edward Island, 93-X-938, Table 1

A large percentage of the residents in the three areas, North Central Kings (70.7%), St. Peters (77.4%) and Morell (65.1%), earned under $10,000, whereas similar data for the province show 60.4 percent.

The percentages of males in each area with employment income of less than $2,000 were: North Central Kings (17.6%), St. Peters (23.7%) and Morell (13.1%) compared to 12.6 percent for the province overall. Females earning less than $2,000 accounted for a significant portion of the total in each area: North Central Kings (31.5%), St. Peters (36.7%) and Morell (26.5%). On the other hand, Prince Edward Island overall recorded 25.7 percent. The percentage of males in each area earning less than $2,000 is considerably lower than the percentage of females. The percentage of males and females in each area earning less than $2,000 were higher than the percentage recorded for the province. However, the percentage of males in each area earning $15,000 or more were: North Central Kings (17.6%), St. Peters (7.9%) and Morell (24.6%) compared to 29.9 percent for the province. For each area, the percentage of females earning $15,000 or more were: North Central Kings (6.3%), St. Peters (4.6%) and Morell (8.0%) while the provincial figure was 8.9 percent. Clearly, the percentage of males and females earning $15,000 or more is higher for the province than for each area. Also the percentage of males in each area and in the province earning $15,000 or more is greater than the percentage of females.

The average employment income for males for each area and the province were: North Central Kings ($8,494), St. Peters ($7,130), Morell ($9,761) and Prince Edward Island ($11,561). Similarly, the average employment incomes for females were: North Central Kings ($4,893), St. Peters ($4,231), Morell ($5,687) and Prince Edward Island ($6,405). Prince Edward Island overall recorded

higher average male and female employment income than the three areas. Among the three areas, Morell recorded higher average employment income for both males and females.

INCIDENCE OF LOW INCOME

Incidence of low income is recorded for economic families and for unattached individuals. An economic family refers to a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage or adoption. Persons living in common-law are considered as now married, regardless of their legal status and therefore appear as married couples.

The incidence of low income for all economic families in the three areas were: North Central Kings (13.6%), St. Peters (13.7%) and Morell (13.5%): the provincial figure for incidence of low income was higher than all three areas at 14.5 percent.

Among unattached individuals, incidence of low income for the three areas were: North Central Kings (57.7%), St. Peters (66.7%) and Morell (45.5%). The percentage recorded for the province was below the percentages for the North Central Kings area and the St. Peters area but slightly above the Morell area at 46.5 percent.

SUMMARY

- Between 1976 and 1981, the population of the North Central Kings area, the St. Peters area and the Morell area declined to 3,037, 1,335 and 1,703 respectively.
- The highest percentage of the population for the North Central Kings area (13.8%) and Morell area (14.5%) was in the 25-34 age group, but St. Peters area (14.4%) had the highest percentage

of its population in the 15-19 year age group.

- North Central Kings area experienced a net out-migration between 1976 and 1981 with 265 moving to the area and 390 leaving. This net out-migration occurred in both the St. Peters and Morell areas.

- Approximately 2 percent of the residents in the North Central Kings area spoke both official languages. In comparison the St. Peters and Morell areas reported 0.6 and 3.1 percent respectively.

- 90 percent of the population in the North Central Kings area are of British origin. The St. Peters area (94%) and the Morell area (87%) population were primarily of British origin.

- 73 percent of the people who indicated their religion in the North Central Kings area were Roman Catholic. Similarly, 66 percent of the people in the St. Peters area were Roman Catholic, while Morell area recorded 78 percent.

- 90 percent of the residents in North Central Kings area were born on the Island. St. Peters area and Morell area reported 91 and 90 percent respectively, of their residents were born on the Island.

- The North Central Kings area experienced its largest influx of immigration between 1965 and 1978, when 55 people immigrated to this area from outside Canada. Of these 55 people, 45 settled in the Morell area and 10 settled in the St. Peters area.

- Of the population 15 years of age and over the percentages attending school full time were: North Central Kings area (14.4%), St. Peters area (12.6%) and Morell area (15.9%).

- 32% of the residents in North Central Kings area had less than a Grade 9 education. The St. Peters area and the Morell area recorded 41 and 25 percent (respectively) of their residents had less than a Grade 9 education.
- Secondary certificates for Grades 9-12 were held by 5.7 percent of the population 15 years and over in the North Central Kings area. In comparison, the St. Peters area and the Morell area recorded 5.6 and 5.8 percent respectively.
- Non-university certificates and university degrees were held by 10.4 and 3.3 percent of the population in North Central Kings area.
- The North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas all recorded a smaller percentage of their population holding a non-university certificate and university degree than the Province.
- In 1981, the average value per occupied dwelling for each area was: North Central Kings area ($32,335), St. Peters area ($32,561) and Morell area ($36,131).
- A larger percentage of the houses were built in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas prior to 1946 than on Prince Edward Island overall.
- There were 1,195 males, 15 years of age and over living in the North Central Kings area in 1981; with 57 percent living in the Morell area and 43 percent in the St. Peters area.
- There were 1,065 females 15 years of age and over in the North Central Kings area, with 53 percent

in the Morell area and 47 percent in the St. Peters area.

- 89.2 percent of the male labour force and 90.6 percent of the female labour force in the North Central Kings area were employed.
- St. Peters area recorded 90.1 percent of the male labour force and 88.6 percent of the female labour force were employed, while Morell area reported 88.6 percent of the male labour force and 92.5 percent of the female labour force were employed.
- Canada Employment and Immigration Commission claimant statistics reported 857 people with open claims in the North Central Kings area on December 10, 1984, with 355 residing in the St. Peters area and 502 in the Morell area.
- The unemployment rate for males in the North Central Kings area was 9.6 percent and the female unemployment rate was 11.3 percent.
- The St. Peters area recorded male and female unemployment rates of 9.9 and 11.4 percent, while the Morell area recorded male and female unemployment rates of 9.3 and 11.2 percent.
- The male and female unemployment rates recorded for the North Central Kings area, the St. Peters area and the Morell area were below the rates recorded for the province.
- The participation rates for males in the three areas were: North Central Kings area (69.9%), St. Peters area (68.1%) and Morell area (71.2%).
- The female participation rates were: North Central Kings area (49.8%), St. Peters area (52.6%) and Morell area (47.4%).

- The primary and processing occupations in the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas accounted for the largest percentage of the labour force in each area.
- The leading occupation for males in the three areas was the primary occupations.
- For females the leading occupation was processing occupations in the North Central Kings area and the St. Peters area, while the Morell area recorded clerical and related occupations as the leading female occupation.
- The leading industries in the North Central Kings area were primary industries (25.9%) and manufacturing industries (21.4%). In the St. Peters area manufacturing industries (29.7%) and primary industries (27.6%) were the leading industries, while in the Morell area they were primary industries (24.7%) and community business and personal service (19.8%).
- In the North Central Kings area, the St. Peters area and the Morell area approximately 81.1, 77.8 and 83.5 percent of the males were paid workers.
- The North Central Kings area, St. Peters area and Morell area recorded 92.2, 95.9 and 89 percent of the females were paid workers.
- A higher percentage of the males in the North Central Kings area and the St. Peters area were self-employed compared to the province overall.
- A higher percentage of the females in the North Central Kings area, the St. Peters area and the Morell area were self-employed compared to figures for Prince Edward Island.

- The average total 1980 income for males in each area were: North Central Kings area ($9,053), St. Peters area ($7,777) and Morell area ($10,087).
- For females the average total 1980 incomes reported in each area were: North Central Kings area ($5,269), St. Peters area ($4,849) and Morell area ($5,642).
- The average total 1980 income for males and females in all three areas were below the averages recorded for the Province.
- The average male employment income were as follows: North Central Kings area ($8,494), St. Peters area ($7,130) and Morell area ($9,761).
- However, the average female employment income levels were: North Central Kings area ($4,893), St. Peters area ($4,231) and Morell area ($5,687), approximately 58% of the male employment income.
- The incidence of low income for economic families in the three areas were: North Central Kings area (13.6%), St. Peters area (13.7%) and Morell area (13.5%).
- The incidence of low income among unattached individuals for the three areas were: North Central Kings area (57.7%), St. Peters area (66.7%) and Morell area (45.5%).

CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, this report presents detailed information on the North Central Kings, St. Peters and Morell areas. As each area has its own characteristics, it is important to consider each area separately.

NORTH CENTRAL KINGS AREA

The population in the North Central Kings area declined between 1976 and 1981 to 3,037, with the highest percentage of the population in the 25-34 year age group. Only 60 people in the North Central Kings area spoke both official languages. A large percentage (90%) of the people living in the North Central Kings area are of British origin. Ninety percent of the people in the North Central Kings area were born on Prince Edward Island. A smaller percentage of the people living in the North Central Kings area held non-university certificates and university degrees in comparison to the Province. Housing construction in the North Central Kings area showed a larger percentage of the houses were built prior to 1946. The unemployment rate for males in the North Central Kings area was 9.6 percent, while the unemployment rate for females in this area was slightly higher at 11.3 percent. The male and female unemployment rates for the North Central Kings area were below the rates recorded for the Province. The male and female participation rates for the North Central Kings area were 69.9 and 49.8 percent respectively. There was a higher percentage of the adult female population in the labour force in the North Central Kings area than for the Province. The leading male occupation in the North Central Kings area was primary occupations, while the leading female occupation was processing occupations. The primary industries were the leading industry in the North Central Kings area. A larger percentage of the male and female workers in the North Central Kings area were self-employed compared to the Province. The average total income for males and females in the North Central Kings area were $9,053 and $5,269. In comparison the average employment income for males and females were $8,494 and $4,893.

ST. PETERS AREA

The population in the St. Peters area declined between 1976 and 1981 to 1,335, with the highest percentage of the population in the 15-19 age group. A small percentage (0.6%) of the people living in the St. Peters area spoke both official languages. Ninety four percent of the people living in the St. Peters area are of British origin. In the St. Peters area 91 percent reported they were born on Prince Edward Island. Of the population in the St. Peters area, non-university certificates and university degrees were held by 7.0 and 1.2 percent respectively, which were below the percentages recorded for the Province. A larger percentage of the houses built in the St. Peters area were built prior to 1946. The St. Peters area recorded male and female unemployment rates of 9.9 and 11.4 percent; these were below the rates recorded for the Province. The participation rates of males and females in the St. Peters area were 68.1 and 52.6 percent respectively. There was a higher percentage of the adult female population in the labour force in the St. Peters area than for the province. The leading male occupation in the St. Peters area was primary occupations, while the leading female occupation was the processing occupations. The leading industry in the St. Peters area was the manufacturing industries. A higher percentage of the male and female workers in the St. Peters area were self-employed compared to the province. The average total income for males and females in the St. Peters area were $7,777 and $4,849 respectively. The average employment income for males and females were $7,130 and $4,231.

MORELL AREA

The population of the Morell area declined between 1976 and 1981 to 1,703, with the largest percentage of the population between 25-34 years of age. In the Morell area

3.1 percent of the population spoke both English and French. Eighty-seven percent of the people in the Morell area are of British origin. The Morell area reported 90 percent of its residents were born in the province. Non-university certificates and university degrees were held by 13 and 5 percent of the school age population in the Morell area, slightly below the 13.7 and 6.1 percent recorded for the province. A larger percentage of the houses built in the Morell area were built prior to 1946. For the Morell area, the male unemployment rate in 1981 was 9.3 percent, while the female unemployment rate was 11.2 percent. Both were below the rates recorded for the province. The male and female participation rates for the Morell area were: 71.2 and 47.4 percent respectively. The leading male occupation in the Morell area was the primary occupations, while clerical and related occupations was the leading female occupation. The leading industry in the Morell area was the primary industries. A higher percentage of the female workers in the Morell area were self-employed compared to provincial figures. The average total income for males and females in the Morell area was $10,087 and $5,642. The average employment income for males in the Morell area was $9,761, while the average employment income for females was $5,687.

Clearly this report illustrates the variation in social and economic characteristics among communities on Prince Edward Island.